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Known as the "Monarch of the Road," a wagon with a record, having been manufactured and giving satisfaction continuously since 1834, or for 82 years.

All sizes and every size
at the right price

And if you're thinking of buying a Buggy I am equally as well prepared to serve you. Brockway, Hackney, Washington, Delker Bros., and Kentucky.

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Complete stock of Harness, Laprobes, Whips, etc.

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Round Trip Excursion Fares

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From Anderson, S. C.

	Rate	Date of Sale	Final Limit
Knoxville, Tenn.	\$ 8.35	June 18, 19, 20, 24, 25	15 days
Charlottesville, Va.	12.40	June 18 to 26	15 days
Philadelphia, Pa.	27.20	June 21 to 25	July 5
New York, N. Y.	25.40	July 5 to 9	July 19
Baltimore, Md.	17.55	June 29, 30, July 1	July 12
Buffalo, N. Y.	30.05	July 8 to 10	July 23
Cincinnati, Ohio	17.25	June 13, 16, 28, 29, 30	July 21
Rock Hill, S. C.	4.45	July 14 to 16	July 25
Nashville, Tenn.	12.80	June 14, 15, 16, 19, 24	15 days

Summer Excursion Rates now in Effect to all Points

For full information regarding these and all rates and railroad information, call on or write.

J. R. ANDERSON, Superintendent. L. L. YANCEY, Ticket Agent.
ANDERSON, S. C.

EXCURSION

TO

Atlantic City, Washington

Baltimore, Richmond and Norfolk, Va.

VIA

Southern Railway



THURSDAY, JUNE 22, 1916

EXTREMELY LOW EXCURSION FARES AS FOLLOWS: FROM ANDERSON, S. C. TO

ATLANTIC CITY	\$17.50
BALTIMORE, MD.	\$14.50
WASHINGTON, D. C.	\$12.50
RICHMOND, VA.	\$11.50
NORFOLK, VA.	\$11.50

Corresponding low fares from all intermediate points

Excursion fares to Atlantic City, Baltimore and Washington apply direct to the New York and Oceanic.

Excursion tickets will be sold for all trains Thursday, June 22nd, good returning to reach original starting point on or before midnight July 1st, 1916.

A privilege is offered before to spend the 4th of July Holiday season, inclusive at Atlantic City.

The most magnificent and famous scenic resort in the world with its million of board walk, its Park Houses, its Theaters, its Ocean Piers, including the famous Million Dollar Pier with every conceivable form of amusement, and its hotels, rates from \$1.00 per day and \$3.00 per week up.

At Washington, D. C., the Nation's Capital, and at Baltimore, Md., Richmond and Norfolk, Va., with its famous points of interest.

High Class Modern Steam Boats and Pullman Sleeping Cars will be provided through to destination.

Begin Now to Plan For This Rare Opportunity

For full information apply to Ticket Agents at
W. R. ANDERSON, Ticket Agent, 101 ANDERSON, S. C.
ANDERSON, S. C.

REPUBLICAN STANDARD BEARERS HAVE BOTH HELD HIGH PLACES IN PUBLIC LIFE

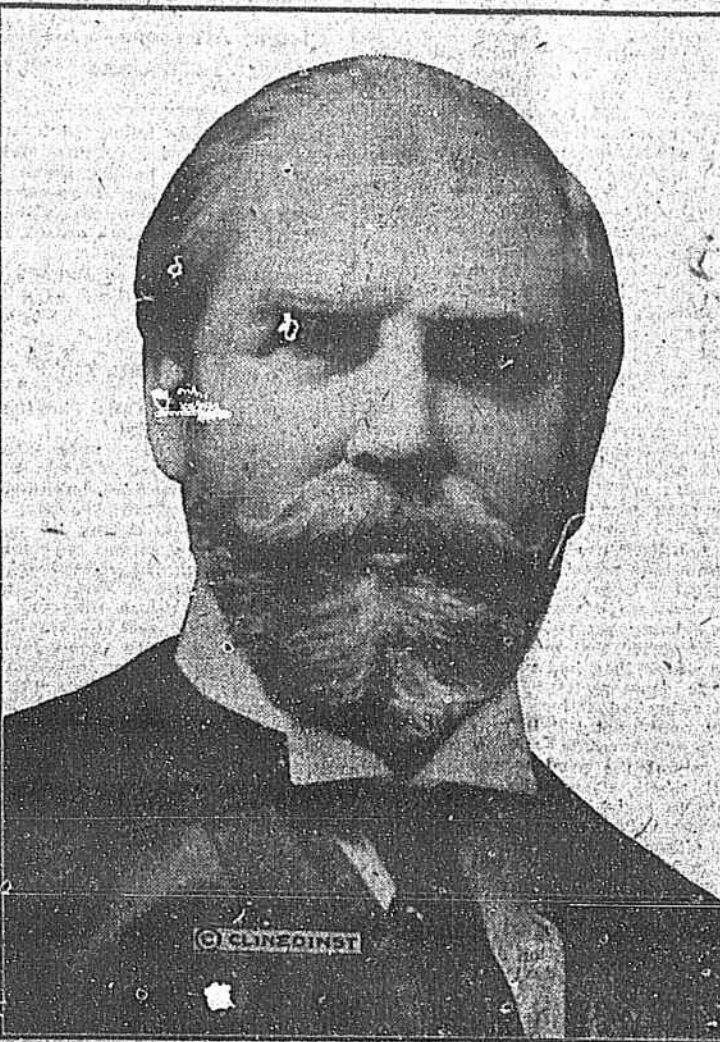
Charles Evans Hughes of New York Has Been Governor of His State and Associate Justice of the Supreme Court.

Charles W. Fairbanks of Indiana Was Vice President in Roosevelt's Administration and Representative in Senate.

AFTER the first shock of surprise at the suddenness with which the Republicans at Chicago nominated their candidates for president and vice president the ever curious public is demanding information of just who and what the men are who have been selected. Sure-

connection with the law and became a member of the reorganized firm of Carter, Hughes & Dwight.

He first came into prominence before the general public through his connection with the investigation of the gas situation in New York, but it was not until he undertook the work of chief



CHARLES EVANS HUGHES

ly it would be indeed strange if any American should be uninformed as to who Charles Evans Hughes and Charles W. Fairbanks are—that is, the position "the two Charles," as they have been classed by some of their political friends, have held in public life for a considerable period past. Yet it is interesting to note how little your neighbor can tell you about a man directly after he has been nominated for high office, even though he may have been continually in the public eye for years.

In the case of Justice Charles Evans Hughes, most of us know he sat as a member of the United States supreme court, but the fact that he first gained fame by exposing the gas companies in New York while acting as a public investigator is not generally familiar talk. This also applies to his running mate. Although a former vice president, Charles Warren Fairbanks had a very humble beginning, being born on a farm. So, searching through the lives of these standard bearers of the Republican party, we find along every step of the way up their path has been no bed of roses, but only by dint of hard work and skill have both reached their present stations before the public.

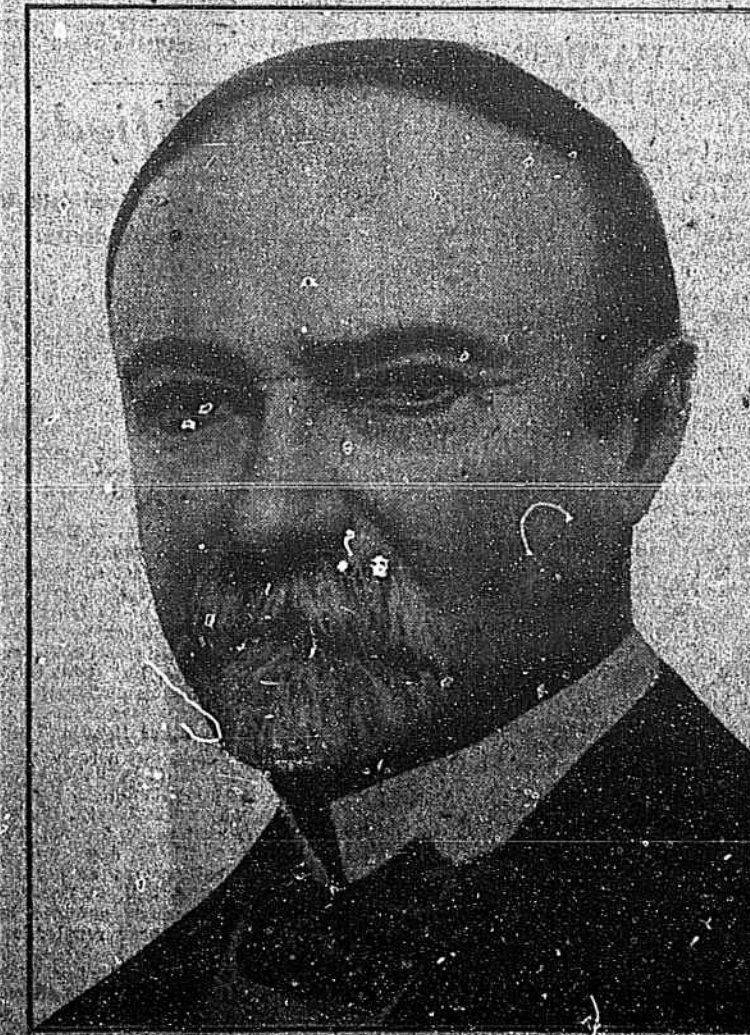
Hughes Son of a Minister.

Justice Hughes was born at Glens Falls, N. Y., April 11, 1862. His father was the Rev. David C. Hughes, a Baptist minister. Early in his youth his family moved to Newark, N. J. Here the boy was educated at the public schools, from which he was graduated in 1873 at the precocious age of eleven years. He was too young to enter college. In 1878, however, he determined that conditions at Brown university would be more to his purpose, and in 1881 he was graduated from the latter university at the age of nineteen, having won meanwhile the Dunn premium for the highest standing in English literature. During the next two years he taught mathematics at Delaware academy, Dells, at the same time attending the Columbia law school. In 1883 he graduated from the latter institution as prize man.

For the next three years he was a special lecturer in law, having been admitted to the bar in New York in his graduation year. Until 1887 he had the benefit of the training given by teaching law for four evenings a week. Meanwhile he had become a clerk in the office of Chamberlain, Carter & Goodnow. Justice Hughes married in 1883 Miss Anna Carter, the daughter of W. A. Carter, a member of the firm. From 1891 to 1895 he was a member of the Cornell university.

Shortly after he returned to the law

counsel for the Armstrong committee in its life insurance investigation that Mr. Hughes acquired wide renown. The prominence which his work in that enterprise gave him brought him a nomination by the Republicans for mayor of New York, although he had



CHARLES WARREN FAIRBANKS

made not the slightest mention to procure it. Three days after he had been nominated by acclamation he declined the honor.

In 1904 he was elected as governor of New York and at once commenced the reforms for which he won fame. His administration was marked by the public insurance and fighting reforms

were put through. In spite of the wishes of the party bosses, Hughes was renominated in 1908 and the famous race track bill carried, prohibiting betting on the horses in the state.

It is interesting to note here, in the light of past events, that it was Theodore Roosevelt who first made Hughes governor. That is a matter of political history which is now undisputed.

Reached Supreme Court.

In 1910 President Taft named Hughes to be an associate justice of the United States supreme court, which position he filled up to the time of receiving the nomination for president.

The presidential candidate is of medium height, rather spare of build, with high, narrow and intellectual forehead, eyes set wide apart, refined nose and the lower part of his face covered by a gray beard. At ordinary times his eyes are half veiled by drooping lids and his face without expression. When interested his entire attitude changes. The eyes are piercing, and his features show alertness and nervous energy. He is fond of golf and mountain climbing and has spent many summers in the Swiss Alps. He is a clear and strong speaker.

Justice Hughes is a hard worker. He once said:

"There is a pleasure in achievement, there is an inspiration in work, and work well done will make a man contented with his lot. I believe in work, hard work and long hours of work. I have never known a man to break down from overwork; it is the worries and the dissatisfactions that cause men to break down; work alone will not do it except in rare cases."

It is not generally known that Charles E. Hughes founded the Sunday school class later taught by John D. Rockefeller, Jr., and still addresses it occasionally, but such is the case.

Fairbanks' Hard Gained Education.

Charles Warren Fairbanks, as has already been noted in this article, held the office of vice president in 1905 to 1909. This was during Roosevelt's incumbency. His boyhood was spent in the fields and forests around his home near Unionville Center, Union county, O., where he was born May 11, 1852. He attended the schools of the neighborhood, studied at home and used every opportunity that presented to secure an education. He went to the Ohio Wesleyan college and graduated in 1872.

Having completed his studies in the law, Mr. Fairbanks removed to Indianapolis, where he entered actively upon the practice of his profession. Judge Gresham, who was at that time on the federal bench, was attracted to Fairbanks and was of great service to him.

The first political work that Senator Fairbanks ever did was at Judge Gresham's suggestion in 1884, when he and his friends undertook to arouse a little sentiment in favor of Arthur for the Republican nomination.

Fairbanks' Family.

One of President McKinley's first acts was to name Senator Fairbanks as one of the commissioners of the United States and British joint high commission. He was made president of the United States commissioners. This commission held one session at Quebec and later a protracted session in Washington and practically reached a conclusion on all the questions before the commission.

In January, 1897, he was elected to

JULY, AUGUST

and the First Half of September
are Very Trying Months
on the Cotton Crop

A crop that is well fertilized stands dry weather better than a crop that is not well fertilized. It is stronger and more vigorous than a poorly fertilized crop. A well fed horse stands hardships better than one that is not well fed. And as for shedding—cotton that is side dressed does not shed anything like cotton that is not side dressed. The reason cotton sheds is because it hasn't sufficient plant food to nourish it properly. You fertilize your cotton when you plant it. By the time your cotton begins to fruit a great deal of that fertilizer is gone and so just when the strain on your cotton plant is greatest. When it is squaring and blooming and bolls, laboring under the greatest strain during the life of the plant, the supply of plant food has already decreased at least half and is steadily weakening—the plant sheds—what else can it do?

You increase your mule's feed when you are working it hard. You don't depend on what you gave him three months before. You increase his feed. Now feed your cotton. Give it a supply of plant food to draw on during the period of greatest strain. You just make one cotton crop a year. Make a good one—make every lock of cotton you can. The way to do it is to side dress your cotton. It is thought that it will pay you \$3.00 for every dollar you pay out. Every "prize acre" of cotton is side dressed and two and three times. Why? Because it makes more cotton. There you are.

Some years a pretty fair crop of cotton is shed—side dressing will prevent nearly all of this. We have the fertilizer and the very best that is made.

Anderson Phosphate & Oil Co.

The cotton crop is at least 15 days late this year. Side dressing will hurry the crop on and this may be very important if we should have an early frost.

We are making an excellent side dresser for cotton and corn for \$30 a ton, Anderson. This is not as good as our \$34 goods, but it is the best \$30 goods on this or any other market.

ANDERSON PHOSPHATE & OIL CO.

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